

PROOF OF AN AXIOM OF LUKASIEWICZ⁽¹⁾

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In this note we prove that axiom A5 (cf. §10 of the preceding paper by Rose and Rosser [1]) is derivable from the axioms A1–A4. We use the notation of [1] and the formulas of [1] are referred to by their numbers. In order to make some of the longer formulas more easily readable, we shall separate blocks of letters by a space. We shall use formulas only from the first three sections, which depend only on axioms A1 to A4.

It easily follows from (1.6), (3.5), (1.8), (3.4), and (1.9), in that order,

$$\begin{aligned}\vdash ARS &\equiv CCRSS \\ &\equiv CNSNCRS \\ &\equiv BSNCRS \\ &\equiv BSNCRNNS \\ &\equiv BSLRNS.\end{aligned}$$

Hence, by the commutativity of L , expressed in (3.10),

$$(1) \quad \vdash ARS \equiv BSLNSR.$$

Now, by (1) and the commutativity of A , expressed in (2.2),

$$(2) \quad \vdash BRLNRS \equiv BSLNSR.$$

(3.1) and (1.8) give

$$\vdash BNPP.$$

By repeated applications of (3.32) we get

$$(3) \quad \vdash BBBBNPP \ NBPNQ \ LNBPNQNP \ LLBPNQPNQ.$$

By (3) and the commutative and associative laws for B , expressed by (3.11) and (3.29),

$$(4) \quad \vdash BBBBNBPQNPNP \ LLBPNQPNQ \ LNBPNQNP \ P.$$

By de Morgan's law, derived from (3.9) and (3.4),

$$\vdash BNBPQNPNP \equiv NLBPNQP.$$

So by (4),

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$$(5) \quad \vdash BBBNLBPNQP LLBPNQPNQ LNBPNQNP P.$$

In (2) take R to be $NLBPNQP$ and take S to be NQ and use (3.4). (5) now leads to

$$(6) \quad \vdash BBBNQ LQNLBPNQP LNBPNQNP P.$$

By the associative and commutative laws for B , (6) leads to

$$(7) \quad \vdash BBBPNQ LNBPNQNP LQNLBPNQP.$$

In (2) take R to be $BPNQ$ and S to be NP and use (3.4). (7) now gives

$$(8) \quad \vdash BBNP LPBPNQ LQNLBPNQP.$$

By the associative and commutative laws for B and (8),

$$(9) \quad \vdash BBLPBPNQ LQNLBPNQP NP.$$

By the commutativity of L , and (9),

$$(10) \quad \vdash BBLBPNQP LNLBPNQPQ NP.$$

In (2) take R to be $LBPNQP$ and S to be Q . This gives by (10),

$$(11) \quad \vdash BBQ LNQLBPNQP NP.$$

From (11) and the commutativity and associativity of L , we get

$$(12) \quad \vdash BBQ LLNQPBPNQ NP.$$

By (1.9) and (1.8)

$$\vdash LNQP \equiv NCNQNP \equiv NBQNP.$$

So by (12),

$$(13) \quad \vdash BBQ LNBQNPBPNQ NP.$$

Using (13) and the commutativity and associativity of B ,

$$(14) \quad \vdash BBQNP LNBQNPBPNQ.$$

So by (1) and (14),

$$\vdash ABPNQBQNP.$$

By (1.8), (3.5), and the commutativity of A , this gives

$$A5. \quad \vdash ACPQCQP.$$

REFERENCES

1. Alan Rose and J. Barkley Rosser, *Fragments of many-valued statement calculi*, Trans. Amer. Math. Soc. vol. 87 (1957) pp. 1-53.

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